Sri Lanka Journal of Population Studies (July 2014) Vol. 14, pp. 45-58

THE INFLUENCE OF FAMILY FACTORS ON PRO-SOCIAL BEHAVIOUR OF YOUTH IN THAILAND

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Abstract: The objective of this study is to examine the extent to which family factors such as living arrangement, spending time with family, and family cohesion are related to youth prosocial behaviour in Thailand. This study uses data from the Survey on Conditions of Society, Culture, and Mental Health, conducted by the National Statistical Office of Thailand in 2008. A linear regression analysis is employed to investigate the relationship between the prosocial behaviour and family factors. The findings reveal that good family cohesion has significant effect on determining the pro-social behaviour compared to living arrangement when control for socio-economic status. In addition, the significant relationship is found in the time spending with family and family cohesion on pro-social behaviour. Findings suggest that family-based intervention programmes need to be implemented in order to increase the pro-social behaviour among Thai youth population.

Key words: pro-social behaviour, living arrangement, spend time with family, family cohesion, youth